

## **VOTE 14**

### **GAUTENG PROVINCIAL TREASURY**

To be appropriated by vote in 2015/16	R584 362 000
Responsible MEC	MEC for Finance
Administering Department	Gauteng Provincial Treasury
Accounting Officer	Head of Department

#### 1. OVERVIEW

#### Vision

To provide strategic leadership in financial and fiscal matters to ensure sustainable and inclusive social and economic development of the people of Gauteng so that all may enjoy value for money services of the highest quality.

#### Mission

We are an activist Treasury that enables and promotes quality service delivery for the citizens of Gauteng through:

- Sustainable financing and funding that ensures developmentally focused allocation of resources and innovative revenue generation;
- Efficient cash management that ensures sustainable liquidity levels in the province;
- Effective financial management and reporting that ensures responsible stewardship and transparent resource utilization and expenditure; and
- A well-structured governance framework that ensures accountability, transparency and fiscal discipline in line with statutory obligations.

#### **Strategic Goals**

The strategic objectives for the department are:

- To promote better planning and budgeting synergy across all spheres of government in the province;
- To ensure balanced budgeting and sustainable funding for the legislative mandates and strategic priorities of the province;
- To ensure approved financial resources are spent efficiently, effectively and economically across the province;
- To support all departments, entities and municipalities to achieve unqualified audits;
- To promote accountable and transparent financial governance in the province; and
- To ensure statutory obligations are met and that decision makers facilitate appropriate interventions.

#### Core functions and responsibilities

The functions or powers of the Gauteng Provincial Treasury are described in the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA), 1999 and the Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003. These can be summarized as follows:

- To manage the budget allocation for the Gauteng Provincial Government (GPG);
- To ensure the instilling of fiscal discipline and corporate governance in the province;
- To ensure proper cash management;
- To ensure the effective and efficient utilization of resources value for money, compliance with all relevant legislation;
- To develop, implement and monitor compliance with corporate governance norms and standards relating to provincial and local government; and
- To ensure adequate financial accountability.







#### **Overview of the main services**

The mandate of Gauteng Treasury is to promote good governance by providing stewardship on all financial matters in the province and to ensure that provincial budgets and budgetary processes promote transparency, accountability and the effective financial management of the economy. In essence, the role of Gauteng Treasury is to ensure that strategies are funded through projects and other initiatives that are aligned to the provincial priorities and the principles of Batho Pele

- To manage the budget allocation for the Gauteng Provincial Government;
- To ensure the instilling of fiscal discipline and corporate governance in the Province;
- To ensure proper cash management;
- To ensure the effective and efficient utilization of resources value for money, compliance with all relevant legislations;
- To develop, implement and monitor compliance with corporate governance norms and standards relating to provincial and local governments;
- To ensure adequate financial accountability.

#### Ten Pillar Programme of Transformation, Modernisation and Re-industrialisation

The GPG has adopted the Ten-Pillar Programme (TPP) which aims to radically transform, modernise and reindustrialise Gauteng over the next five years. The GPT has defined key game changers and catalytic projects in its Strategic Plan for the 2014 - 2019 term, which will contribute to repositioning government as responsive and activist. As the custodian of the provincial financial resources, GPT supports all 14 national outcomes and directs resources to the TPP.

The key focus areas over the MTEF will be exploration of alternative sources of funding and other revenue streams to supplement the fiscus, and improvement of planning synergies between the different spheres of government in order to ensure efficiency in the planning and budgeting processes.

Furthermore the department intends to ensure that the limited resources available are allocated and spent on provincial priorities. It will also eliminate wastage of resources and enhance transparency and accountability by enhancing investigations through the introduction of business intelligence (BI) tools that have digital forensic capabilities. The aim of the BI tools are to detect and prevent fraud and also monitor contract management in the province in order to ensure that services are rendered timeously and cost effectively.

The GPT, as an enabler of service delivery in Gauteng province, will endeavor to ensure resource allocation alignment to the Gauteng Plan which is based on the GPG's Ten-Pillar Programme. This aims to fast-track service delivery to ensure real impact on the Gauteng citizenry, and automate cash management and in-year monitoring processes. This is in order to improve operational efficiencies and the quality and credibility of data, stabilise the GPG wage bill and improve on delivery of infrastructure projects in order to stimulate economic growth and contribute towards job creation.

The department will continue to provide training and technical support to provincial departments, public entities and local municipalities that will yield improved audit outcomes.

#### **National Development Plan**

The Medium Term Strategic Framework (MTSF) is informed by the National Development Plan (NDP) which aims to eliminate poverty and reduce inequality by 2030 through uniting South Africans, unleashing the energies of its citizens, growing an inclusive economy, building capabilities, enhancing the capability of the state and encouraging leaders to work together to solve complex problems.

In addition, Gauteng Province has adopted the Gauteng Vision 2030. This vision is as follows: "A livable, equitable, prosperous and united GCR, established through the combined efforts of a developmental state, an engaged civil society and an active citizenry – together targeting the objectives of equitable growth, sustainable development and infrastructure, social inclusivity and cohesion, and the necessary condition of good governance."

The GPT contributes to all 14 national outcomes. In allocating financial resources and funding in alignment with the provincial priorities as espoused in the provincial TPP, in alignment with the NDP and G2030, the department will ensure that budget reviews and reforms are developmentally focused on the allocation of resources in terms of the National Treasury guidelines, promoting growth and creating sustainable jobs.







#### External activities and events relevant to budget decisions

The 5th administration of Gauteng Province has adopted a TPP of transformation, modernisation and reindustrialisation. The GPT is aware that its work is central to the achievement of this broad programme of ensuring that Gauteng is developed into an integrated, socially cohesive, economically inclusive city region, underpinned by a smart and green industrial economy. The generic structures for provincial treasuries will be deliberated on to ensure that the GPT's organisational structure and establishment supports the executive optimally in discharging its key statutory and other strategic mandates.

#### Act, rules and regulations

- Division of Revenue Act (DORA), 2008;
- Treasury Regulations 2005, and Delegations;
- Prevention and Combating of Corrupt Activities Act, 2004;
- Municipal Finance Management Act, 2004;
- Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act, 2003;
- The Tender Board Repeal Act, 2002;
- Unemployment Insurance Contributions Act, 2002
- Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act, 2000;
- Promotion of Access to Information Act, 2000;
- Municipality Systems Act, 2000;
- Development Facilitation Act, 1995;
- Promotion of Administrative Justice Act, 2000;
- Public Finance Management Act, 1999;
- Employment Equity Act, 1998;
- Skills Development Act, 1998;
- Basic Conditions of Employment Act, 1997;
- Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act, 1997;
- Public Service Laws Amendment Act, 1997;
- Government Employees Pension Act, 1996;
- The National Archives Act, 1996;
- Borrowing Powers of Provincial Government Act, 1996;
- The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996;
- Labour Relations Act, 1995;
- Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1995; and
- Public Service Act, 1994 and Regulations and Delegations.

#### 2. REVIEW OF THE CURRENT FINANCIAL YEAR (2014/15)

The 2014/15 financial year saw to the beginning of a new political term of office for the South African government. The 5th administration of Gauteng Province immediately set to work and adopted a TPP of radical transformation, modernisation and re-industrialisation for the province. The GPT identified catalytic projects that will fulfil its mandate and developed plans and strategies for implementation.

The GPT's role is transversal and cuts across all spheres of government. It is therefore better positioned to facilitate better planning and budgeting synergy across all spheres of government. Thus collaboration and partnership with stakeholders is crucial in fulfilling its mandate and in ensuring that oversight structures function optimally. As a proactive and solution-driven department, the GPT continued with its activist interventions in GPG, aimed at eliminating wastage of financial resources and ensuring that spending is aligned with provincial priorities.

One of our successes in the current financial year was that of maintaining sustainable liquidity levels for the province. Cash outflows for provincial departments remained within the available provincial revenue streams. This was as a result of the efficient cash management processes put in place. The department has also developed an automated cash flow forecasting model so that GPT and departments can monitor and plan cash flows. Revenue forums were successfully conducted with GPG departments and revenue reports prepared accordingly.

With regard to promoting effective and efficient financial management in the province, the GPT developed improved municipal administrative and financial capabilities through supporting and monitoring municipal capacity initiatives. The Municipal Finance Hands-on Support Programme was extended and other supplementary support initiatives explored as a means of improving the financial viability of certain local municipalities. The







department assessed municipal budgets to improve their credibility and the affordability of their plans and their alignment with integrated development plans (IDPs).

The province saw improvement in 2014/15 in increasing the number of unqualified audits. The GPT supported departments in the compilation of their annual and interim financial statements and further analysed their appropriation statements, providing them with feedback to help monitor their annual expenditure. A clean audit opinion was maintained for the GPT and the Provincial Revenue Fund.

The Health Intervention Programme has continued in the current financial year and the support provided focused on inventory management, compiling a credible budget, reviewing finance structures in hospitals and enhancing finance systems and processes in hospitals and at head office. The online payroll certification tool has been successfully rolled out to seven provincial departments. A business intelligence tool to identify and recall fictitious payments to government employees has been developed.

The payment of suppliers within 30 days is a key priority for the province as the impact of non- and late payments to suppliers has a crippling effect on the Gauteng economy and ultimately, that of our country. In tackling this issue, the GPT started a process of exploring an electronic platform that can be accessed by all current and prospective GPG suppliers enabling them to send invoices directly and communicate with us about non-payments.

The South African Institute of Professional Accountants (SAIPA) learnership programme which is a joint collaboration between the GPT (which is now an approved training centre) and the SAIPA, started in February 2013. Its primary objective is to improve the level of financial and accounting skills in the province, whilst also providing learning and work opportunities to the youth. The learners are rotated within the various provincial departments so that they can be exposed to various functions and roles.

With regard to performing statutory obligations and promoting transparent and accountable government, the department continued to research topical economic issues jointly with research and academic institutions. The provincial main and adjustment budgets were tabled at the Provincial Legislature timeously and economic publications such as the Provincial Economic Review and Outlook, Socio-Economic Review and Outlook and the Medium Term Budget Policy Statements were published.

Legislated reports including in-year monitoring (IYM) reports, quarterly performance reports, PFMA compliance reports and evaluation reports on the performance of conditional grants were prepared and submitted timeously to the department's various stakeholders. The consolidated financial statements for the 2013/14 financial year were prepared and submitted to the Auditor General (AG) according to the prescribed timeframes.

Consultations on the new generic structure for the GPT have been carried out successfully with various stakeholders to ensure a smooth transition in the coming financial year.

#### 3. OUTLOOK FOR THE COMING FINANCIAL YEAR (2015/16)

The generic structure adopted by the GPT in the 2014/15 financial year will be implemented in the 2015/16 financial year. The new structure will reposition the GPT as a department that will be able to accelerate service delivery, enhance institutional capacity, create synergistic relations between related service delivery nodes and thus create a more responsive government.

#### Pillar 4: Transformation of state and governance

Although the GPT has achieved its key objectives in the previous year to a significant extent, the new financial year represents an opportunity to continue positively impacting on service delivery to the people of Gauteng. The slowing economic growth, resulting in a shrinking fiscus, necessitates that GPT be innovative, developing new ways of ensuring that the provincial departments get value for money. The GPT will explore alternative sources of funding and other revenue streams to supplement the fiscus. This will be achieved through development of a revenue strategy which will seek to protect surplus income, whilst encouraging provincial departments to pursue revenue maximization progressively as a financial incentive and to maximize and optimize revenue streams in a sustainable manner.

In order to ensure efficiency in planning and budgeting processes, GPT will ensure that the limited resources are spent on provincial priorities, eliminating wastage of resources. Furthermore the department will continue to







improve planning and spending synergy between provincial and local government as well as with state enterprises who are engaged in significant capital projects in the Gauteng Province. To achieve this synergy in government planning and programmes, the GPT will work with the Gauteng Planning Commission, the Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs and local municipalities to develop an integrated planning framework to inform resource allocation and efficiency as well as process improvement.

The GPT will continue to provide structural training to provincial departments, entities and local municipalities. The audit outcomes from the prior financial years will be improved and an online tracking system will be implemented in order to ensure implementation of recommendations by the AG and thus reduce recurring audit findings.

In dealing decisively with incidents of fraud and corruption, the department will continue to strengthen transparency and accountability by enhancing investigations through the introduction of BI tools with digital forensic capabilities to detect and prevent fraud. It will also monitor contract management in the province to ensure that services are rendered timeously and in a cost effective manner. The department has vetted all officials responsible for financial and procurement duties.

GPG wage bill stabilization is one of the department's key projects. The department will keep track of the province's personnel spending, keeping the budget within a reasonable level.

#### Pillar 5: Modernization of the public service

As part of maintaining sustainable liquidity levels for the province and improving on the department's cash management processes, the GPT will automate the cash management environment. The cash flow forecasting model developed in the prior financial year will be deployed to provincial departments.

The IYM reporting process will also be automated in order to provide access to an accurate and complete dataset. This will enable compilation of IYM timeously and improve quality analysis and feedback to enable stakeholders to improve decision making. It will also be beneficial to have the processes automated to ensure improvement on data credibility, free from human error. IYM could function as an early warning detector for over and underspending.

Strengthening financial management in the province is one of the GPT's key focus areas. This is important in ensuring that resources are used to support provincial priorities, thereby optimizing service delivery. The department will build institutional capacity and enhance transparency in government accounting and procurement processes as measures to combat corruption and fraud.

Contract management for infrastructure is the proactive monitoring, review and management of contractual terms secured through the procurement process, to ensure that the appointed service providers deliver the right outputs timeously and cost effectively. The purpose of this is to promote the use of the limited resources most effectively towards delivering services in areas of need. Through contract management an efficient infrastructure programme can stimulate economic growth, contribute to job creation, and accelerate delivery of infrastructure projects in the province.

The success of the Identification Verification System (IVS) resulted in the introduction of other business intelligence platforms in the department. The IVS was implemented to verify that all employees currently paid through PERSAL by GPG are legitimate; to ensure that employees are allocated to correct cost centres; and to update PERSAL with accurate information. In 2015/16, the GPT will implement the Know your Patient project which will focus on identification of patients for correct billing, thus resulting in revenue increase, reduction in debt write-offs and opportunities to generate more revenue which will be redistributed back to the provincial departments.

#### Pillar 1: Radical economic transformation

GPT will actively support the Department of Economic Development (DED) in driving the radical economic transformation of township enterprises and re-industrialisation of the province by ensuring that township enterprises, co-operatives and SMMEs are registered on the government service provider database and are compliant with the regulatory requirements in order for them to do business with government. This will be done through actively utilising the five DED enterprise hubs already functioning in the province to implement on-site assistance with vendor registration, register suppliers on the online invoice submission and tracking system, provide training sessions on "how to tender for government business", and provide purchasing-card registration and the verification of township suppliers.





The SAIPA learnership programme will reach its last year in 2015. Successful learners who will have completed the three-year programme will be recognized as suitably qualified accountants. They will then be in a position to plough back their knowledge into the public service.

#### 4. REPRIORITISATION

The department has identified areas of reprioritization in order to remain within the allocated budget. During the 2015-18 MTEF budget process the department reprioritised within compensation of employees to align and cater for the new departmental structure and reprioritization goods and services to compensation of employees for Municipalities Advisors as well as additional personnel.

The department reprioritized its budget mainly to align the current GPT structure with the uniform budget structure for treasuries in order to ensure that the GPT fulfils its legislated role. Funds were also reprioritized towards the establishment of a new Municipal Financial Governance unit. This will involve new automation projects as part of the department's role in fulfilling the provincial pillar of Modernisation of the Public Sector.

#### 5. PROCUREMENT

The main projects that will be funded and that will influence major procurement over the 2015 MTEF are stated below:

#### **In-Year Monitoring Automation**

The project entails automating the compilation of the monthly financial reports that provincial departments submit to the GPT as per the requirements stipulated in the PFMA.

The system will generate monthly financial reports by sourcing data from the existing Basic Accounting System (BAS) automation portal and the Personnel Forecasting Model and then populate the prescribed IYM report with this information. The aim is to reduce potential human error that might render provincial figures unreliable. The automated process will improve accuracy and efficiency in the overall provincial reporting system, generate more reliable financial information, and enable stakeholders to focus on credibility of information.

#### Implementation of the infrastructure delivery management system

The department intends to support provincial departments with infrastructure by monitoring infrastructure performance and offering relevant advice where necessary. This is aimed at ensuring rapid infrastructure delivery as well as maintaining existing infrastructure. The department envisages that by appointing an external service provider with the necessary skills internal capacity will be enhanced.

Professional service providers will be appointed on a full-time basis to work in the department. They will provide technical support especially in specialised engineering. Specialist skills are required in developing the construction procurement system and institutionalisation of infrastructure planning and budgeting. On appointment, the professional service providers will be required to work closely with all provincial departments responsible for infrastructure delivery.

#### 6. RECEIPTS AND FINANCING

#### 6.1 Summary of receipts

#### TABLE 14.1: SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS: GAUTENG PROVINCIAL TREASURY

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Med	lium-term estima	tes
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Equitable share	321 764	346 250	454 547	560 060	527 514	557 697	584 362	596 933	628 756
Conditional grants									
Total receipts	321 764	346 250	454 547	560 060	527 514	557 697	584 362	596 933	628 756







The department is funded through the equitable share. Funds allocated to the department during the period under review include resources for the new functions received from the Gauteng Department of Finance as part of aligning the GPT with the revised treasury structure. The functions are: Gauteng Audit Services, Provincial Forensic Audit Services, Specialised Provincial Supply Chain Management and a newly established dedicated programme for Municipal Financial Governance. The allocations also cater for personnel requirements, printing of GPT publications, provision of support to departments, public entities and municipalities, the infrastructure capacity building programme, the IVAS personal verification expansion and Operation Clean Audit.

The new GPT configuration and the planned interventions such as the core programmes capacity building programmes and business intelligence projects will see allocations increase from R560 million to R629 million over the 2015 MTEF.

#### **6.2 Departmental receipts**

#### TABLE 14.2: DEPARTMENTAL RECEIPTS: GAUTENG PROVINCIAL TREASURY

		Outcome			Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates		
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Tax receipts									
Motor vehicle licenses									
Sales of goods and services other than capital									
assets		175	235	211	211	311	222	234	245
Transfers received									
Fines, penalties and forfeits									
Interest, dividends and rent on land	164 758	187 570	247 283	80 000	80 000	335 835	88 000	100 000	105 000
Sales of capital assets									
Transactions in financial assets and liabilities		66	375			399	395	415	436
Total departmental receipts	164 758	187 811	247 893	80 211	80 211	356 545	88 617	100 649	105 681

Departmental receipts are made up of interest, dividends and rent on land; sale of goods and services other than capital assets; and financial transactions in assets and liabilities, with most revenue generated from interest earned from positive cash balances from the Corporation of Public Deposits (CPD) account. Actual collection in 2012/13 amounted to R187.8 million while actual collection for 2013/14 is R247.8 million, an increase of R60 million.

Interest, dividends and rent on land contribute the most revenue with R247.2 million or 99.75 per cent towards total revenue. Financial transactions in assets and liabilities contributed R399 000; this revenue item consists mainly of debt recoveries from previous years as well as transactions with other institutions. Sales of goods and services other than capital assets contributed R235 000; this revenue source consists mainly of parking for officials.

The department conservatively projected interest revenue at R80 million in 2014/15. However, this budget was reached within three months of the 2014/15 financial year and therefore there is a revised estimate of R356 million to be collected in the 2014/15 financial year.

Given the measures in place to improve the department's spending, potentially minimizing cash balances, GPT prudently projects its revenue collection as R89 million in 2015/16, gradually increasing to R106 million in 2017/18. This includes transactions in financial assets and liabilities in respect of money received relating to previous years.

#### 7. PAYMENT SUMMARY

#### 7.1 Key assumptions

The 2015 Medium Term Expenditure Framework (MTEF) budget is informed by GPT's Strategic Plan, Annual Performance Plan, provincial outcomes and the GPG's programme of action (POA). Provision for annual salary adjustments is made as follows: 5.6 per cent in 2015/16; 5.5 per cent in 2016/17; 5 per cent in 2017/18. Provision has also been made for notch progressions and performance bonuses.







#### 7.2 Programme Summary

TABLE 14.3: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES: GAUTENG PROVINCIAL TREASURY

		Outcome			Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Mediu	ım-term estir	nates
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
1. Administration	47 417	59 768	79 876	95 852	98 752	97 871	111 528	116 725	122 562
2. Sustainable Fiscal Resource Management	99 549	100 757	109 128	162 426	144 756	176 404	183 781	169 099	177 939
3. Financial Governance	48 081	54 318	102 359	135 194	121 680	142 336	98 608	105 894	111 439
4. Provincial Supply Chain And Movable Asset Management	66 235	65 002	58 311	69 572	61 856	61 603	86 592	94 924	100 055
5. Municipal Financial Governance	16 532	17 958	27 526	32 412	28 630	28 480	30 097	31 919	33 520
6. Gauteng Audit Services	43 950	48 672	52 705	64 604	60 969	61 004	73 756	78 372	83 241
Total payments and estimates	321 764	346 475	429 905	560 060	516 643	567 698	584 362	596 933	628 756

#### 7.3 Summary of economic classification

TARIF 14 4- SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSICATION- GAUTENG PROVINCIAL TREASURY

		Outcome			Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medi	um-term estin	ıates
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Current payments	268 694	294 558	375 064	509 149	437 974	488 973	513 184	543 041	572 169
Compensation of employees	238 190	257 114	291 210	388 004	349 612	359 265	417 813	442 901	467 028
Goods and services	30 439	37 444	83 854	121 145	88 362	129 708	95 371	100 141	105 142
Interest and rent on land	65								
Transfers and subsidies to	50 208	50 244	51 119	50 000	76 757	76 796	70 225	52 888	55 533
Provinces and municipalities									
Departmental agencies and accounts	50 000	50 000	50 000	50 000	75 000	75 000	70 000	52 650	55 283
Households	208	244	1 119		1 757	1 796	225	238	250
Payments for capital assets	2 426	1 573	3 718	911	1 912	1 929	953	1 004	1 054
Buildings and other fixed structures									
Machinery and equipment	2 426	1 559	3 557	911	1 620	1 627	953	1 004	1 054
Software and other intangible assets		14	161		292	302			
Payments for financial assets	436	100	4						
Total economic classification	321 764	346 475	429 905	560 060	516 643	567 698	584 362	596 933	628 756

GPT has been reconfigured to align to the generic structure prescribed for provincial treasuries as from 1 April 2015. The department has created new specialized and focused programmes, also taking over functions formerly existing at the Gauteng Department of Finance (GDF). Functions moving to the GPT from GDF are Forensic Audit Services, Procurement and Gauteng Audit Services. The move has impacted the outcomes and the 2015 MTEF, as this shows historical expenditure of the functions moving from GDF and the 2015 MTEF budget inclusive of the adopted functions.

Spending increased from R321.7 million in 2011/12 to R429.9 million in 2013/14. Projected spending increases to R527 million in 2014/15. The increased spending and allocation was due to the health intervention programme during the 2013/14 and 2014/15 financial years. In the 2015 MTEF period the allocation increases further to R584.3 million, peaking at R628.7 million in the 2017/18 outer year.

Compensation of Employees has steadily increased for the period under review, particularly between financial years 2013/14 and 2014/15 where the outcome had been R291.2 million in the 2013/14 financial year and the projected spending R362.1 million. This was due to higher than expected salary adjustments and also the cost of re-establishing GPT as a stand-alone department. The budget continues to grow in the 2015 MTEF period, R417.8 million in 2015/16 to R467.0 million in 2017/18, which corresponds with departmental plans to fully implement the approved structure and to align the GPT as closely as possible with the uniform budget structure. Provision for notch progression and annual performance bonuses has been made.







Goods and Services expenditure was R84 million in the 2013/14 financial year. The main appropriation increased to R121 million in 2014/15, this inclusive of the R30 million allocations to the Health Intervention Project. Over the MTEF the department is funding various key projects, such as the expansion of the IVS project and various automation projects (IYM and Budget Database). There is also a focus on capacity building for contract management in infrastructure projects. The department also continues to strengthen initiatives in support of Operation Clean Audit. The department continues to run the municipal advisor hands on support programme and various training on generally recognised accounting practices (GRAP) and modified cash standard to GPG departments and entities. The 2015 MTEF period goods and services estimate indicates the amount of R100 million in 2015/16, R100 million in 2016/17 and R105.1 million in 2017/18.

Provision has been made under Households for employee social benefits as well as severance packages, the increase in spending in 2012/13 of R244 000 to R1.1 million 2013 is as a result of severance packages paid to a retiring official.

The department spending under Capital Assets represent purchasing of laptops as well as desktops, the decrease from R2.4 million in 2011/12 to R1.1 million in 2012/13 represents a bulk purchase of laptops in 2011/12. The department's projected spending over the MTEF is for computer refreshment and replacement where necessary.

#### 7.4 Infrastructure payments

N/A

#### 7.4.1 Departmental Infrastructure payments

N/A

#### 7.4.2 Departmental Public – Private Partnerships (PPP) projects

N/A

#### 7.5 Transfers

#### 7.5.1Transfers to public entities

N/A

#### 7.4.1 Transfers to other entities

#### 14.5: SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENTAL TRANSFERS TO DEPARTMENTAL AGENCIES

	Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates			
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Gauteng Infrastructure Funding Agency	50 000	50 000	50 000	50 000	75 000	75 000	70 000	52 650	55 283
Total departmental transfers	50 000	50 000	50 000	50 000	75 000	<b>75 000</b>	70 000	52 650	55 283

During the 2014/15 financial year, the budget for the Gauteng Infrastructure Funding Agency (GIFA) increased from R50 million to R75 million due to the re-establishment of the agency and provision for the project preparation facility. For the 2015/16 financial year GIFA receives an amount of R70 million to ensure a sustainable pipeline of strategic infrastructure projects that are catalysts for socio-economic development in the province.

#### 8. PROGRAMME DESCRIPTION

#### **Programme 1: Administration**

#### Programme purpose

The programme aims to provide effective leadership, management and administrative support to treasury programmes as well as to the Member of the Executive Council and the Head of Treasury. This is done in fulfilment of the mission and mandate of the Treasury.

#### **Programme objectives**

• To ensure statutory obligations are met and that decision makers facilitate appropriate interventions.

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TABLE 14.6: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES: ADMINISTRATION

Outcome				Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medi	um-term estimo	ıtes
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
1. Office of the MEC	6715	6 385	7 033	7 386	7 827	7 869	7 7 1 9	8 188	8 598
2. Office of the HOD	2 376	6 607	10 314	14 391	15 955	15 341	15 523	16 565	17 393
3. Corporate Management	24 901	29 891	41 855	52 968	55 757	54 835	64 241	66 519	69 845
4. Financial Management Services (CFO)	13 425	16 885	20 674	21 107	19 213	19 826	24 045	25 453	26 726
Total payments and estimates	47 417	59 768	79 876	95 852	98 752	97 871	111 528	116 725	122 562

TABLE 14.7: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS BY ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFIFICATION: ADMINISTRATION

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates		
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Current payments	44 633	58 195	77 006	94 941	95 601	94 701	110 350	115 484	121 258
Compensation of employees	26 539	32 629	44 926	66 568	65 419	65 210	73 160	77 120	80 976
Goods and services	18 029	25 566	32 080	28 373	30 182	29 491	37 190	38 364	40 282
Interest and rent on land	65								
Transfers and subsidies to	22		75		1 281	1 293	225	238	250
Provinces and municipalities									
Households	22		75		1 281	1 293	225	238	250
Payments for capital assets	2 426	1 573	2 795	911	1 870	1 877	953	1 004	1 054
Machinery and equipment	2 426	1 559	2 774	911	1 595	1 602	953	1 004	1 054
Software and other intangible assets		14	21		275	275			
Payments for financial assets	336								
Total economic classification	47 417	59 768	79 876	95 852	98 752	97 871	111 528	116 725	122 562

The budget for Administration increased from R47.4 million in 2011/12 to R59.7 million in 2012/13. The budget continues to increase from R98.7 million in the 2014/15 financial year to R122.5 million in the 2017/18 financial year.

The main costs drivers in Goods and Services are utilities, external audit, lease payments, communication and property payments. The department also has various projects earmarked and catered for under Goods and Services, the hosting of network servers externally, IT equipment refreshment programme, corporate performance and evaluation information systems and disaster recovery site establishment.

Compensation of Employees increases from R32.6 million in the 2012/13 financial year to R44.9 million in 2013/14, R65.4 million in 2014/15 and R80.9 million in the 2017/18 financial year. The increase in Compensation of Employees is due to the establishment of new posts after demerger from the GDF and the implementation of the approved structure. Other contributions to the increase include the annual cost of living salary increases, notch progressions and personnel related costs such as performance and service bonuses as well as implementation of the approved structure and the re-grading of clerk posts.

Over the MTEF, spending for payments for capital assets is expected to stay within the baseline at average allocation of R1 million per financial year, making provision for replacement of capital assets, the estimated allocations being R953 000, R1 million, R1 million for the 2015/16, 2016/17 and 2017/18 financial years respectively.

#### **SERVICE DELIVERY MEASURES**

#### **PROGRAMME 1: ADMINISTRATION**

Performance Measures		Estimated Annual Targets	
	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Administration			
Unqualified audit opinion with no other matters from the previous financial year	Unqualified audit opinion with no other	Unqualified audit opinion with no other	Unqualified audit opinion with no other
	matters from the previous financial year	matters from the previous financial year	matters from the previous financial year
% of external audit report recommendations implemented before next audit cycle	100%	100%	100%

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Performance Measures	Estimated Annual Targets						
	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18				
% of supplier payments paid within 30 days after receipt of final and correct invoice	100%	100%	100%				
% compliance with regulatory and legislated reporting requirements as per the compliance dashboard	100%	100%	100%				

#### **PROGRAMME 2: SUSTAINABLE FISCAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT**

#### **Programme purpose**

The programme aims to promote accountability through substantive reflection of financial activities as well as compliance with financial norms and standards in PFMA compliant institutions.

#### **Programme objectives:**

- To promote better planning, budgeting and resourcing synergy across all spheres of government in the province;
- To ensure government programmes are adequately resourced within the tight fiscal envelope; and
- To ensure approved financial resources are spent efficiently, effectively and economically across the province.

#### 14.8: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS BY ESTIMATES: SUSTAINABLE FISCAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimat		
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
1.Programme Support/Office Of The DDG	51 855	52 867	55 911	79 154	80 934	103 341	102 810	85 509	89 785
2. Budget Management	10 006	10 959	12 406	22 983	14 005	15 850	22 127	21 740	22 827
3. Economic And Fiscal Policy Oversight	7 925	7 610	8 058	10 176	9 514	10 129	11 193	11 858	12 451
4. Infrastructure Management	3 520	2 984	3 114	3 465	3 515	3 404	8 159	8 916	9 746
5. Financial Asset And Liabilities Management	15 656	15 416	16 962	20 820	20 650	20 417	21 846	23 262	24 425
6. Public Finance	10 587	10 921	12 677	25 828	16 138	23 263	17 646	17 814	18 704
Total payments and estimates	99 549	100 757	109 128	162 426	144 756	176 404	183 781	169 099	177 939

#### TABLE 14.9: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES: SUSTAINABLE FISCAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

		Outcome			Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medi	um-term estin	ıates
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Current payments	49 449	50 727	59 088	112 426	69 446	101 136	113 781	116 449	122 656
Compensation of employees	45 959	47 986	53 562	82 244	62 434	71 751	80 381	83 108	87 649
Goods and services	3 490	2 741	5 526	30 182	7 012	29 385	33 400	33 341	35 008
Interest and rent on land									
Transfers and subsidies to	50 000	50 030	50 040	50 000	75 310	75 268	70 000	52 650	55 283
Departmental agencies and accounts	50 000	50 000	50 000	50 000	75 000	75 000	70 000	52 650	55 283
Households		30	40		310	268			
Payments for capital assets									
Software and other intangible assets									
Payments for financial assets	100								
Total economic classification	99 549	100 757	109 128	162 426	144 756	176 404	183 781	169 099	177 939

The Sustainable Fiscal Resource Management Programme is one of the programmes affected by the reconfiguration of the GPT. It has received Financial Asset Management and Infrastructure Management as new functions and is also expected to provide specialized capacity in the areas of data management, monitoring and evaluation.

The budget for Sustainable Resource Management increased from R99.5 million in the 2011/12 financial year to R109.1 million in the 2013/2014 financial year. In the 2014/15 financial year the budget decreased to R145.6million million. In the MTEF period the allocation is as follows: R183.7 million in the 2015/16 financial year, R169 million in the 2016/17 financial year and R177.9 million in the 2017/18 financial year. The spending focus over the MTEF period will be on catering for additional capacity in infrastructure management, data management, monitoring and evaluation, and also for the various business systems projects.





Compensation of Employees increased from R45.9 million in the 2011/12 financial year to R47.9 million in the 2012/13 financial year. It further increased from R53.5 million in the 2013/14 financial year to R71.7million in the 2014/15 financial year. In the MTEF period the allocation is as follows: R80.3 million in the 2015/16 financial year, R83.1 million in the 2016/17 financial year and R87.6 million in the 2017/18 financial year. The increase in the budget will cater for the additional capacity in infrastructure management, data management, monitoring and evaluation.

Goods and Services expenditure was at R3.4 million for 2011/12 and R2.7 million for the 2012/13 financial years. There was an increase of R3 million in expenditure to R5.5 million in the 2013/14 financial year. In 2014/15 the budget increased to R30 million. For the MTEF period the allocations are as follows: R33 million for both the 2015/16 and 2016/17 financial years, and R35.0 million in the 2017/18 financial year. The main cost drivers under this programme are capacity building projects, system development projects as well as the printing of provincial publications such as the Provincial Economic Review Outlook (PERO), Socio-economic Review and Outlook (SERO), Medium-term Budget Policy Statement (MTBPS), and Estimates of Provincial Revenue and Expenditure (EPRE).

Transfers and subsidies to GIFA for the 2014/15 financial year are at 75million. For the MTEF period allocations are as follows: R70million for 2015/16,R52million for 2016/17 and 55 million for 2017/18

#### PROGRAMME2: SUSTAINABLE FISCAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

#### **SERVICE DELIVERY MEASURES**

Performance Measures		Estimated Annual Targets	
	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Economical & Fiscal Policy Oversight			
Average % increase in own revenue collection	10%	12%	12%
Table the SERO, PERO and MTBPS at Legislature according to the	SERO published in March 2016	SERO published in March 2017	SERO published in March 2018
prescribed timeframes	PERO published in October 2015	PERO published in October 2016	PERO published in October 2017
	MTBPS tabled in November 2015	MTBPS tabled in November 2016	MTBPS tabled in November 2017
Budget Management			
Number of engagements conducted with GPG departments on the	14 MTEC sessions and key MTEC resolutions prepared	14 MTEC sessions held and key MTEC	14 MTEC sessions held and key MTEC resolutions
alignment of budgets to provincial plan		resolutions prepared	prepared
	15 budget fora held	15 budget fora held	15 budget fora held
Number of budgets tabled according to the prescribed timeframes	1 credible MTEF budget that resources the 10 pillars	1 credible MTEF budget that resources the 10	1 credible MTEF budget that resources the 10 pillars
	tabled	pillars tabled	tabled
	1 credible adjustment budget that resources the 10	1 credible adjustment budget that resources the	1 credible adjustment budget that resources the 10
	pillars tabled	10 pillars tabled	pillars tabled
Number of strategic projects resourced from the fiscus and implemented	1	2	2
(game changers)			
% variance between projections and actuals	10% variance between quarterly projections and actual	7% variance between quarterly projections and	5% variance between quarterly projections and actual
	for transfers	actual resources spend	resources spend
	10% variance between quarterly projections and actual		
	spending on personnel		
Develop automated IYM	User requirements for the automation of IYM	Automated IYM developed	N/A
	approved		.,
	фричи		
Public Finance			<u> </u>
% reduction of accruals as disclosed in the Annual Financial Statements	10%	15%	20%
Number of budget bilaterals conducted	1	1	1
Number of annual budget assessments for identified key programmes/	GPT and 2 entities budget assessed	DED budget assessed	3 entities budgets assessed
departments conducted			
% of GPG wage bill against budget	60%	60%	60%
% spent on conditional grants expenditure	90%	95%	95%
Develop a value for money framework	Value for money framework developed	VFM framework implemented in 3 departments	VFM framework implemented in 4 departments
Infrastructure Management	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Number of budgets tabled according to the prescribed timeframes	Credible budget for infrastructure tabled as per the	Credible budget for infrastructure table as per	Credible budget for infrastructure table as per the
	provincial budget timeline	the provincial budget timeline	provincial budget timeline



Performance Measures		Estimated Annual Targets	
	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Develop unit cost model for roads	Unit cost model for roads developed	10% of roads designed and costs be based on	25% of roads designed and costs be based on the
		the unit cost	unit cost
% utilization of cost benefit analysis model to analyse mega projects	100% utilization of CBA to analyse mega projects	100% utilization of CBA to analyse mega	100% utilization of CBA to analyse mega projects
		projects	
% spent on infrastructure allocation	90%	95%	95%
Number of local municipalities with provincial infrastructure plans	2 local municipalities	2 local municipalities	2 local municipalities
aligned to the Gauteng Infrastructure Master Plan			
Develop draft guideline for infrastructure projects	Draft guideline for infrastructure projects developed	Conduct legislative compliance on draft guideline	Contract management guideline for infrastructure
		for infrastructure projects	projects approved
Revenue Fund Management			
Unqualified audit opinion with no matters for the Provincial Revenue	Unqualified audit opinion for the with no other matters	Unqualified audit opinion for the with no other	Unqualified audit opinion for the with no other matters
Fund	from the previous year maintained	matters from the previous year maintained	from the previous year maintained
Cash Management			
Monthly cash-outflows for departments does not exceed the provincial	Cash-outflow does not exceed the provincial revenue	Cash-outflow does not exceed the provincial	Cash-outflow does not exceed the provincial revenue
revenue streams	streams	revenue streams	streams
Number of departments with ring-fenced funds for compensation of	All	All	All
employees, conditional grants, critical services, local municipalities and	Ring fence COE, conditional grants, infrastructure and	Ring fence COE, conditional grants, infrastructure	
infrastructure grants	critical services funds at 4 central hospitals	and critical services funds at 4 central and 3	
		tertiary hospitals	
Number of departments deployed with the CFF model	All departments	N/A	N/A
% of monthly cash allocated in-line with cash forecast	70%	90%	70%

#### **PROGRAMME 3: FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE**

#### **Programme description**

The programme aims to promote accountability through substantive reflection of financial activities as well as compliance with financial norms and standards in PFMA compliant institutions.

#### **Programme objectives**

- To reduce fraud and corruption and promote clean government across the province; and
- To support all departments, entities and municipalities in achieving unqualified audits.

#### TABLE 14.10: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES: FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medi	ates	
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
1. Programme Support/Office Of The DDG	857	1 746	28 986	43 349	36 599	56 357	3 464	3 688	3 872
2. Provincial Accounting Services	21 978	26 105	30 896	33 276	33 451	33 080	37 147	39 605	41 585
3. Provincial Forensic Audits	8 887	10 177	14 341	17 156	15 085	15 085	19 194	20 558	21 836
4. Transversal Internal Audit And Risk Management	8 429	7 587	10 377	13 847	12 347	13 195	14 704	15 725	16 511
5. Compliance	3 505	3 300	6 075	19 243	16 300	16 608	13 699	13 301	13 966
6. Financial Information Management Systems	4 425	5 403	11 684	8 323	7 898	8 011	10 400	13 018	13 669
Total payments and estimates	48 081	54 318	102 359	135 194	121 680	142 336	98 608	105 894	111 439

#### TABLET 4.11: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates		
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Current payments	48 081	54 252	100 557	135 194	121 571	142 208	98 608	105 894	111 439
Compensation of employees	44 878	50 934	64 490	84 456	77 353	78 073	86 364	90 206	94 969
Goods and services	3 203	3 318	36 067	50 738	44 218	64 135	12 244	15 688	16 470
Interest and rent on land									
Transfers and subsidies to		66	879		75	94			
Households		66	879		75	94			
Payments for capital assets			923		34	34			
Buildings and other fixed structures									
Machinery and equipment			783		25	25			







		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	' Medium-term estimo		Medium-term estima	
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Software and other intangible assets			140		9	9			
Payments for financial assets									
Total economic classification	48 081	54 318	102 359	135 194	121 680	142 336	98 608	105 894	111 439

The Financial Governance Programme is one of the programmes affected by the re-configuration of the GPT. The programme has received Provincial Forensic Audit and Accounting Services and has additional capacity in the area of compliance. The outcomes (historical expenditure) and 2015 MTEF is inclusive of the new functions.

The budget for Financial Governance increases from R48 million in the 2011/12 financial year to R102.3 million in the 2013/14 and R135.1 million in the 2014/15 financial years. The main factor in the increasing trend was the R70 million allocation to the Health Intervention Project between the 2013/14 and 2014/15 financial years. For the MTEF period the financial governance allocation is R98.6 million in the 2015/16 financial year, R105.8 million in the 2016/17 and R111.4 million in 2017/18 financial years. The main factors contributing to the increase in the budget over the MTEF is the allocation of additional funding for Compensation of Employees, the Systems Development Project, infrastructure project management information systems, SAP inventory management information systems, forensic laboratory establishment and GRAP/modified cash standard training for the department and entities. The automation project is part of the department's commitment to modernizing the public service for effective service delivery.

Compensation of Employees increases from R44.8 million in the 2011/12 financial year to R64.9 million in the 2013/14 financial year. The budget further increases from R78 million in the 2014/15 financial year to R94.9 million in the 2017/18 financial year. The increase in Compensation of Employees is due to filling of critical positions as per reconfiguration to align to generic structures prescribed for provincial treasuries, and for salary settlements that have been above inflation over the period as well as notch progressions.

Goods and Services increase from R3.2 million in 2011/12 to R3.3 million in 2012/13. They increased from R36.0 million in the 2013/14 financial year to R54.2 million in the 2014/15 financial year. The 2015 MTEF period sees a significant decrease in Goods and Services as the R70 million allocated to the Health Intervention Project ended in 2014/15. The allocation for the MTEF period is R12.2 million in the 2015/16 financial year, and is at R15.6 million and R16.4 million for 2016/17 and 2017/18 respectively. The spending focus over the MTEF will be on conducting fraud detection reviews as well as implementation of audit recommendations.

#### **SERVICE DELIVERY MEASURES**

#### **PROGRAMMME 3: FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE**

Performance measures		Estimated annual targets	
	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Financial Accounting			<u> </u>
% of audit recommendations implemented by entities and departments before the next audit cycle	85% of recommendations	90% of recommendations	95% of recommendations
Number of departments and public entities receiving structured targeted training	All departments and public entities	All departments and public entities	All departments and public entities
Number of departments and entities with unqualified audit outcomes for the $2014/15$ financial year	r 13 departments	14 departments	All departments
	All GPG entities	All GPG entities	
Statutory Deductions			
Number of departments with the online payroll certificate system	6	All remaining departments	N/A
% of fictitious payments recalled	100%	100%	100%
Transversal Internal Audit & Risk Management			
Number of strategic risk assessment workshops conducted in GPG departments	14	14	14
Financial Information Management Systems			
Develop the BI tool	BI tool developed	Deploy BI tool in all remaining	Monitor compliance in all departments
	Pilot the BI tool with 2 departments	departments	
Number of departments with BI tool deployed	4	Hand over the tool to remaining	N/A
		departments	
Provincial Forensic Audit	-	•	•
% of committed investigations completed as per the letter of engagement with the client	100%	100%	100%
Number of fraud detection reviews conducted	14	14	14







Performance measures		Estimated annual targets	
	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Number of fraud risk assessments reports issued	14	14	14
Develop a fraud detection system	Fraud detection system developed		
Develop a case management system	Case management system developed		
Accounts Payable			
Number of departments and institutions implementing P-card	36	36	
Number of departments with payment system for leases, contracts and utilities	10		

## PROGRAMME 4 : PROVINCIAL SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT & MOVEABLE ASSET MANAGEMENT

#### Programme purpose

The programme aims to promote and enforce transparency and effective supply chain management and asset Management.

#### **Programme objectives**

- To reduce fraud and corruption and promote clean government across the province; and
- To ensure that service providers (especially SMME's from targeted groups) are registered and paid timeously.

#### TABLE 14.12: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES: PROVINCIAL SUPPLY CHAIN & MOVABLE ASSET MANAGEMENT

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medi	ites	
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
1. Programme Support/ Office of the DDG	1 792	2 303	2 347	3 396	3 391	3 787	11 490	12 357	12 975
2. SCM Policy, Norms and Standards				650	650		7 000	10 000	10 500
3. Governance, Compliance, Monitoring									
and Evaluation							3 200	3 400	3 570
4. SCM Client Support							29 120	31 025	32 576
5. Strategic Procurement							7 373	7 868	8 261
6. Transversal Contract Management							16 642	17 761	18 649
7. Movable Asset Management							3 000	3 165	3 708
8. Procurement Services	64 443	62 699	55 964	65 526	57 815	57 816	8 767	9 348	9 815
Total payments and estimates	66 235	65 002	58 311	69 572	61 856	61 602	86 592	94 924	100 055

#### TABLE 14.13: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: PROVINCIAL SUPPLY CHAIN & MOVABLE ASSET MANAGEMENT

		Outcome			Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates		
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Current payments	66 054	64 926	58 228	69 572	61 830	61 576	86 592	94 924	100 055
Compensation of employees	61 821	63 051	56 132	66 984	58 779	58 779	80 457	88 503	93 313
Goods and services	4233	1875	2096	2588	3051	2797	6135	6421	6742
Transfers and subsidies to	181	19	79		18	9			
Households	181	19	79		18	9			
Payments for capital assets					8	18			
Software and other intangible assets					8	18			
Payments for financial assets		57	4						
Total economic classification	66 235	65 002	58 311	69 572	61 856	61 603	86 592	94 924	100 055

Provincial Supply Chain and Movable Asset Management is a new programme in the GPT. This is also one of the programmes created after re-configuration of the GPT as mentioned earlier. It is made up of the former GDF procurement functions and GPT supply chain management (SCM) and asset management oversight functions. Specialist capacity has been added in the areas of SCM governance, asset management, SCM compliance monitoring and evaluation.

Outcomes (historical expenditure) and 2015 MTEF is inclusive of the of the procurement function from GDF. The new functions have no outcomes (historical expenditure).

Expenditure was R66.2 million in the 2011/12 financial year. There was a decrease to R58.3 million in the







2013/14 financial year. The allocation over the MTEF is as follows: R86.5 million in the 2015/16 financial year, R94.9 million in the 2016/17 financial year and R100 million in the 2017/18 financial year. The main contributor to the increase in the budget is the additional capacity to be added in SCM governance, asset management and SCM compliance monitoring and evaluation.

Compensation of Employees expenditure was R61.8 million in the 2011/12 financial year, increasing to R63.0 million in the 2012/13 financial year. Expenditure then decreased to R56.1 million in the 2013/14 financial year. The budget is R58.7 million for the 2014/15 financial year. The allocation over the MTEF is as follows: R80.4 million for the 2015/16 financial year, R88.5 million for the 2016/17 financial year and R93.3 million for the 2017/18 financial year. The main contributor to the increase in the budget is the additional capacity to be added in the areas of SCM governance, asset management and SCM compliance monitoring and evaluation.

Goods and Services expenditure was R4.2 million in the 2011/12 financial year, decreasing to R1.8 million in 2012/13 and remaining at R2 million in the 2013/14 financial year. The budget in the 2014/15 financial year is R3 million. The allocation over the MTEF is as follows: R6 million for both the 2015/16 and 2016/17 financial years and R7 million for the 2017/18 financial year.

#### **SERVICE DELIVERY MEASURE**

#### PROGRAMME 4: PROVINCIAL SUPPLY CHAIN & MOVEABLE ASSET MANAGEMENT

Performance measures		Estimated annual targets	
	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Provincial Supply Chain Management			
Number of institutions with contract management framework	Contract management framework implemented	Contract management framework implemented	Contract management framework implemented
implemented	in 3 departments , 3 public entities and 2 local	in 3 departments , 4 trading entities and 4 local	in all departments, all public entities and all local
	municipalities	municipalities	municipalities
Develop a price scheduling index	1 price scheduling index developed	1 price scheduling index developed	1 price scheduling index developed
Number of approved SCM frameworks for GPG Departments and	1 approved SCM framework for GPG departments	1 approved SCM framework for GPG departments	1 approved SCM framework for GPG departments
Municipalities			
	1 approved SCM framework for local municipalities	1 approved SCM framework for GPG departments	1 approved SCM framework for GPG departments
Number of reports on the analysis of compliance to the cost containment	4	4	4
measures strategy			
Establishment of a procurement hub in GPG	Procurement hub established in GPG	Monitor to ensure all tenders awarded in the	
		province are published	
Number of departments targeted for open tender projects	2	2	2
Procurement			
Number of suppliers identified and registered $$ in township hubs across the $$	30	50	100
5 commodity groups			
% of transversal term agreements established within SLA of 90 days	100%	100%	100%
from the date a tender is published in the Tender Bulletin to the date of			
tender award			
% of GPG transversal contracts available and updated in the central	100%	100%	100%
repository of awarded contracts within 15 days from the date of receipt			
of the contract			
% of suppliers registered on the GPG centralized database of suppliers	100%	100%	100%
within 12 working days upon receipt of the application form			

#### **PROGRAMME 5: MUNICIPAL FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE**

#### Programme purpose

The programme aims to ensure effective and efficient management in municipalities and municipal entities and coordinate the provisioning of capacity building.

#### **Programme objective**

To support all departments, entities and municipalities in achieving unqualified audits.

TABLE 14.14: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES: MUNICIPAL FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE



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		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium	-term estimat	es
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
1. Programme Support/ Office of the DDG	16 532	17 958	27 526	32 412	28 630	28 480	2 899	3 040	3 192
2. Municipal Budget							5 439	5 781	6 070
3. Municipal Accounting and Reporting							5 439	5 775	6 064
4. Municipal Financial Assets And Liabilities							5 440	5 774	6 063
5. Municipal Supply Chain and Asset									
Management							5 440	5 774	6 063
6. Municipal Governance and Institutional									
Management							5 440	5 775	6 069
Total payments and estimates	16 532	17 958	27 526	32 412	28 630	28 480	30 097	31 919	33 520

TARLE 14.15: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: MUNICIPAL FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Mediu	mates	
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Current payments	16 527	17 946	27 526	32 412	28 558	28 384	30 097	31 919	33 520
Compensation of employees	16 072	17 309	20 061	25 715	27 643	27 469	29 298	31 079	32 638
Goods and services	455	637	7 465	6 697	915	915	799	839	881
Transfers and subsidies to	5	12			72	96			
Departmental agencies and accounts					72	96			
Households	5	12							
Payments for capital assets									
Buildings and other fixed structures									
Payments for financial assets									
Total economic classification	16 532	17 958	27 526	32 412	28 630	28 480	30 097	31 919	33 520

Municipal Financial Governance is a new programme in the GPT. This is also one of the programmes created after re-configuration of the GPT as mentioned earlier. This function existed in GPT as Local Government Financial Services.

Outcomes (historical expenditure) and the 2015 MTEF is inclusive of the of the Local Government Financial Services function from GPT. The expenditure for Municipal Financial Governance was R 16.5 million in the 2011/12 financial year and increased to R32.4 million by the 2014/15 financial year. The increase in allocation was mainly to fund the Municipal Advisor Programme for hands-on financial management support at municipalities. The allocation for the programme over the MTEF period is as follows: R30.0 million in the 2015/16 financial year and R31.9 million in the 2016/17 financial year, peaking at R33.5 million in the 2017/18 financial year.

Compensation of Employees expenditure was R16.0 million in the 2011/12 financial year. The budget increased to R20.0 million by the 2013/14 financial year. The allocation over the MTEF period is as follows: R29.2 million in the 2015/16 financial year, R31.0 million in the 2016/17 financial year and R32.6 million in the 2017/18 financial year. The increase caters for the annual cost of living adjustment, notch progression and performance bonuses.

Goods and Services expenditure was R455 thousand in the 2011/12 financial year. The budget increased to fund various interventions at municipalities and was R7.4 million in 2013/14. The allocation for Goods and Services for the programme over the MTEF is as follows: R799 thousand in the 2015/16 financial year, R839 thousand in the 2016/17 financial year and R881 thousand in the 2017/18 financial year. The main cost drivers in the programme are printing of gazettes, travel expenditure to municipalities, software licenses, training and development. The programme will also embark on a project to develop asset management strategies for municipalities.





## SERVICE DELIVERY MEASURE

#### **PROGRAMME 5: MUNICIPAL FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE**

Performance measures		Estimated annual targets		
	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	
Local Government Financial Services			•	
Number of local municipalities with draft budget assessments conducted to	9	9	9	
check alignment to IDPs				
Number of local municipalities final budget assessments conducted	9	9	9	
Number of municipalities receiving structured targeted training on GRAP	9	9	9	
standards				
Track the implementation of recommendations on assessment on	Track the implementation of recommendations	Track the implementation the recommendations		
municipalities level of compliance and financial sustainability	and corrective measures from the assessment	from the impact analysis		
	monitored			
	Conduct an impact analysis of the MFHSP and	1		
	make recommendations			
% of audit recommendations and commitments implemented by	85%	90%	95%	
management to address AG findings				
Number of local municipalities with unqualified audit opinions for the	Maintain all unqualified audit outcomes for the	Maintain all unqualified audit outcomes for the	All local municipalities with unqualified audit	
financial year under review	financial year under review	financial year under review	outcomes for the financial year under review	
	85% reduction in repeat findings as per the GPT	Improve 1 qualified local municipality outcome		
	Action Plan dashboard in the 2 qualified local	to unqualified		
	municipalities (Westonaria & Randfontein)			
Dissemination of the Estimates of Capital Expenditure to municipalities	Estimates of Capital Expenditure disseminated to	Estimates of Capital Expenditure disseminated to	Estimates of Capital Expenditure disseminated to	
and metros	municipalities and metros	municipalities and metros	municipalities and metros	
Number of assessments conduced on local municipal annual reports	All local municipalities	All local municipalities	All local municipalities	
Facilitation of the installation of prepaid meters in the CoT, CoJ and	Conduct assessment on installation of prepaid	Roll-out the installation of prepaid meters to	Roll-out the installation of prepaid meters to all	
Ekurhuleni in government facilities in the province	meters in government facilities in the province	50% of the identified government facilities in	remaining government facilities in the province	
	(CoT, COJ, Ekurhuleni)	the province		
	Pilot the installation of prepaid meters in identified			
	departments (buildings in the precinct)			

#### **PROGRAMME 6: GAUTENG AUDIT SERVICES**

#### **Programme purpose**

To enhance transparency, good governance and clean government through strengthening the internal control and regulatory environment in the province.

#### **Programme objectives**

To support all departments, entities and municipalities to achieve clean audits.

#### TABLE 14.16: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES: GAUTENG AUDIT SERVICES

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Mediu	ıates	
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
1. Programme Support/ Office of the DDG	1 739	2 269	1 910	4 134	4 564	4 564	7 302	7 313	7 701
2. Risk and Compliance Audit Services (Cluster 1 & 2)	16 013	17 398	15 136	15 564	14 893	14 893	16 881	18 066	19 209
3. Risk and Compliance Audit Services (Cluster 3; 4 & 5)	10 941	11 638	16 569	21 432	20 066	20 074	23 375	24 987	26 559
4. Performance and Computer Audit Services	11 040	13 438	14 204	17 884	15 911	15 938	19 815	21 193	22 535
5. Audit Centre of Excellence	4 217	3 929	4 886	5 590	5 535	5 535	6 383	6 811	7 237
Total payments and estimates	43 950	48 672	52 705	64 604	60 969	61 004	73 756	78 372	83 241





TABLE 14.17: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: GAUTENG AUDIT SERVICES

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medi	Medium-term estimates		
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	
Current payments	43 950	48 512	52 659	64 604	60 968	60 968	73 756	78 372	83 241	
Compensation of employees	42 921	45 205	52 039	62 037	57 984	57 983	68 153	72 884	77 483	
Goods and services	1 029	3 307	620	2 567	2 984	2 985	5 603	5 488	5 758	
Transfers and subsidies to		117	46		1	36				
Non-profit institutions										
Households		117	46		1	36				
Payments for capital assets										
Software and other intangible assets										
Payments for financial assets		43								
Total economic classification	43 950	48 672	52 705	64 604	60 969	61 004	73 756	78 372	83 241	

Gauteng Audit Services (GAS) is a new programme in the GPT. This is also one of the programmes created after re-configuration of the GPT as mentioned earlier.

Outcomes (historical expenditure) and 2015 MTEF is inclusive of the GAS function from GDF.

The GAS budget increases from R43.9 million in 2011/12 to a revised estimate of R83.2 million in 2017/18. More than 95 per cent of the GAS budget lies under Compensation of Employees. Due to the scarce skills in the audit industry in general, priority has been directed toward ensuring adequate capacitation of the programme in order to execute its provincial obligations, primarily to contribute towards the achievement of clean audits in the province. Whilst the programme has historically relied on external audit services, the decision to desist from the use of consultants resulted in the shifting of funds away from Goods and Services into Compensation to enable the programme to be sufficiently capacitated in this regard.

The GAS Compensation budget increases from R42.9 million in 2011/12 to R77.4 million in 2017/18. The trend is consistent with the need to fully capacitate the programme by filling critical vacant posts. Although the effort to fill vacant posts in the programme was accelerated in 2012/13, resulting in the decrease in the vacancy rate in the programme, the competition with the private sector for scarce audit skills has resulted in a regression. Of the total staff establishment of 138 posts, 104 posts were active as of 1 July 2014, with the number of vacancies doubling from 17 to 34 posts. The programme is actively recruiting in the audit market and adopting various strategies to attract and retain audit talent.

Goods and Services under this programme consist mainly of provisions for specialised audits skills for which are not available internally, necessitating the filling of this gap by the use of consultants to assist with the execution of these specialised audits. The Goods and Services budget increases from R1 million in 2011/12 to just R5.7 million in 2017/18. This pattern is in keeping with both the departmental decision to move away from the use of consultants, and giving priority to building sufficient capacity within the programme to execute its audit functions in the province.

#### **SERVICE DELIVERY MEASURE**

#### **PROGRAMME 6: GAUTENG AUDIT SERVICES**

Performance measures		Estimated annual targets	
	2015/16 2016/17		2017/18
Gauteng Audit Services	•		
Number of planned risk audits completed - risk and compliance clusters 1 & 2	86	86	86
Number of planned risk audits completed - risk and compliance clusters 3;	86	86	86
4 & 5			
Number of planned computer audits completed	24	24	24
Number of planned performance audits completed	39	39	39
Number of information technology (IT) risk assessments completed	14	14	14
Number of cost containment circular compliance audits completed	32	32	32
Number of follow-up audits on 2014/15 AG significant findings completed	56 Follow-up audits on 2014/15 AG significant	56 Follow-up audits on 2015/16 AG significant	56 Follow-up audits on 2016/17 AG significant
	findings completed	findings completed	findings completed







Performance measures		Estimated annual targets	
	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
% implementation of AG and internal audit findings	80%	80%	98%
Establish internal capacity for consulting (advisory) activities	Internal capacity established	Advisory support provided to departments	Advisory support Provided to departments and
			municipalities
Number of key controls reviews conducted	12	12	12

#### 9. OTHER PROGRAMME INFORMATION

#### 9.1 Personnel numbers and costs

TABLE 14.18 PERSONNEL NUMBERS AND COSTS: GAUTENG PROVINCIAL TREASURY

Personnel numbers	As at						
1 craomic nomacra	31 March 2012	31 March 2013	31 March 2014	31 March 2015	31 March 2016	31 March 2017	31 March 2018
1. Administration	148	120	175	226	264	264	264
2. Sustainable Fiscal Resource Management	89	69	72	80	117	117	117
3. Financial Governance	126	92	101	258	257	257	257
4. Provincial Supply Chain and Movable Asset Management					157	157	157
5. Municipal Financial Governance					52	52	52
6. Gauteng Audit Services	120	109	135	103	105	105	105
Total provincial personnel numbers	483	390	483	667	952	952	952
Total provincial personnel cost (R thousand)	238 190	257 114	291 210	359 265	417 813	442 901	467 028
Unit cost (R thousand)	493	659	603	539	439	465	491

14.19: SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENTAL PERSONNEL NUMBERS AND COSTS: GAUTENG PROVINCIAL TREASURY

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medi	um-term estin	nates
	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Total for department									
Personnel numbers (head count)	483	390	483	667	667	667	952	952	952
Personnel cost (R thousands)	238 190	257 114	291 210	359 265	359 265	359 265	417 813	442 901	467 028
Human resources component									
Personnel numbers (head count)	55	18	24	29	29	29	39	39	39
Personnel cost (R thousands)	29 974	5 437		10 974	10 974	10 974	10 730	11 481	12 227
Head count as $\%$ of total for department									
Personnel cost as $\%$ of total for department									
Finance component									
Personnel numbers (head count)	68	23	36	35	35	35	52	52	52
Personnel cost (R thousands)	6 726	7 406	3 299	11 842	11 842	11 842	14 165	15 156	16 141
Head count as $\%$ of total for department	14.1%	5.9%	7.5%	5.2%	5.2%	5.2%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%
Personnel cost as $\%$ of total for department	2.8%	2.9%	1.1%	3.1%	3.3%	3.3%	3.4%	3.4%	3.5%
Full time workers									
Personnel numbers (head count)	483	390	483	667	667	667	952	952	952
Personnel cost (R thousands)	238 190	257 114	291 210	359 265	233 771	359 265	417 813	442 901	467 028
Head count as $\%$ of total for department	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Personnel cost as % of total for department	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	92.6%	99.2%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Contract workers									
Personnel numbers (head count)	26		44	59	59	59	67	70	76
Personnel cost (R thousands)	1 670			3 854	3 854	3 854	8 093	4 277	4 491
Head count as $\%$ of total for department	5.4%	0.0%	9.1%	8.8%	8.8%	8.8%	7.0%	7.4%	8.0%
Personnel cost as $\%$ of total for department	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%	1.1%	1.1%	1.9%	1.0%	1.0%

The human resource component of the GPT maintains a consistent pattern throughout the period under review, in both personnel numbers and cost. The increases in cost over the period are mainly a reflection of projected compensation adjustments in keeping with the cost of living. The increases in cost over the MTEF for part-time/contract workers are mainly a reflection of projected compensation adjustments in keeping with the cost of living.





The increase in personnel between 2014/15 to 2015/16 indicates the department's plans to fully capacitate in order to full fill its mandate.

#### 9.2 Training

TABLE 14.20: PAYMENTS ON TRAINING

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Mediu	Medium-term estimates		
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	
1. Administration	298	1 119	3 199	532	2 262	1 863	560	501	526	
Subsistence and travel										
Payments on tuition	298	1 119	3 199	532	2 262	1 863	560	501	526	
Other										
2. Sustainable Fiscal Resource										
Management	574	1 344	268	406		406	428	451	473	
Subsistence and travel	574	574								
Payments on tuition		770	268	406		406	428	451	473	
Other										
3. Financial Governance	573	1 175	3 776	1 880	2 349	1 880	3 090	3 256	3 421	
Subsistence and travel	573	573								
Payments on tuition		602	3 776	1 880	2 349	1 880	3 090	3 256	3 421	
Other										
4. Provincial Supply Chain And Movable										
Asset Management				560	560	560	1 229	1 303	1 369	
Subsistence and travel										
Payments on tuition				560	560	560	1 229	1 303	1 369	
Other										
5. Municipal Financial Governance			167							
Subsistence and travel										
Payments on tuition			167							
Other										
6. Gauteng Audit Services							682	729	775	
Subsistence and travel										
Payments on tuition							682	729	775	
Other										
Total payments on training	1 445	3 638	7 410	3 378	5 171	4 709	5 989	6 240	6 563	

TABLE 14.21: INFORMATION ON TRAINING: GAUTENG PROVINCIAL TREASURY

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medi	um-term estimo	ates
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Number of staff	483	390	483	667	667	667	952	952	952
Number of personnel trained	239	271	366	350	350	350	450	500	525
of which									
Male	106	115	148	140	140	140	160	180	189
Female	133	156	218	210	210	210	290	320	336
Number of training opportunities	290	271	333	490	490	490	600	710	746
of which									
Tertiary	192	98	150	250	250	250	300	350	368
Workshops	98	173	153	200	200	200	250	300	315
Seminars			30	40	40	40	50	60	63
Other									
Number of bursaries offered	192	98	150	173	173	173	200	200	210
Number of interns appointed	21	46	26	35	35	35	40	45	50
Number of learnerships appointed	13	40	18	18	18	18	20	25	26
Number of days spent on training									







The above tables reflect the department's commitments on the training and development of employees. The focus remains on the development of females. The department intends to continue implementing focussed leadership development programmes aimed at women.

The department considers training and development of employees as one of its key priorities, especially in the scarce and critical skills categories, and has allocated approximately 2.5 per cent of the personnel compensation budget for training. Funds will be utilised for bursaries, learnerships, internships and training and development interventions. The human resource development (HRD) strategy was approved by the head of department on 18 April 2013 and the implementation plan is developed and reviewed on an annual basis for the rest of the MTEF period as one of the integrated systems and processes for workforce development. However, it is challenging to retain these employees once having invested in their growth.

Strategic management, management and leadership, and people management training for all management are prioritised for the 2014/15 Workplace Skills Plan (WSP) as critical skills to address the gap identified during the culture survey and competency assessment.

The Management Advancement Programme for all middle management service members was implemented with effect from the 2013/14 financial year and again in the 2014 academic year in order to create the talent pipeline for filling the senior management positions internally. The department will also participate in the GCRA Integrated Management Development Programme in the 2014 academic year. It will also prioritise the Emerging Management Development Programme and the Middle Management Development Programme to develop the skills of staff.

The department should therefore consider including contract obligations with training and development interventions, including obligatory skills transfer programmes, to ensure that skills remain within the department. Furthermore, the review of the budgeting process for training and development should ensure that allocated funds are ring-fenced and used only for skills development. Additionally, the department should strengthen its 'buying power' within the province in order to negotiate reduced rates with institutions of higher learning.

Training interventions, including seminars and workshops, will focus on improving the generic and functional skills of employees. All training interventions will be in line with the approved WSP, as well as individual personal development plans (PDPs) which form part of the performance management and development system.

The department is continuously committed to addressing skills shortages and scarce skills, and aims to appoint at least 8 per cent of the staff establishment as interns each financial year. This exceeds the mandated 5 per cent. In implementing the above-mentioned programmes, the department is contributing towards reducing poverty, creating jobs, youth development and ultimately addressing skills shortages in the country. Interns and learners are appointed additional to the staff establishment, and must therefore be budgeted for.

While the department is committed to providing workplace experience, permanent placement of high performing interns in the department is not guaranteed, as this depends on the availability of positions and their success during normal recruitment processes. In instances where interns are trained by the department but these skills are later not absorbed, our interns are of such high calibre that they do not experience too much difficulty in being recruited by the private sector.

#### 9.3 Reconciliation of structural changes

#### TABLE 14.22: RECONCILIATION OF STRUCTURAL CHANGES: GAUTENG PROVINCIAL TREASURY

2014/15		2015/16					
Programmes	R′000	Programmes	R′000				
1. Administration	98 752	1. Administration	111 528				
1. Office of the MEC	7 827	1. Office of the MEC	7 719				
2. Office of the HOD	15 955	2. Office of the HOD	15 523				
3. Corporate Services	55 757	3. Corporate Management	64 241				
4. Financial Management Services (CFO)	19 213	4. Financial Management Services (CFO)	24 045				
		2. Sustainable Fiscal Resource Management	183 781				
2. Sustainable Fiscal Resource Management	157 106	1. Programme Support/ Office of the DDG	82 810				
1. SRM Programme Support	104 034	2. Budget Management	22 127				
2. Budget Management	15 994	3. Economic and Fiscal Policy Oversight	11 193				





2014/15		2015/16				
Programmes	R′000	Programmes	R′000			
3. Fiscal Policy and Economic Analysis	10 285	4. Infrastructure Management	28 159			
4. Public Private Partnership	3 515	5. Financial Asset and Liabilities Management	21 846			
5. Public Finance	23 278	6. Public Finance	17 646			
		3. Financial Governance	98 608			
3. Financial Governance	114 274	1. Programme Support/ Office Of The DDG	3 464			
1. FG Programme Support	46 649	2. Provincial Accounting Services	37 147			
2. Risk Management	13 347	3. Provincial Forensic Audits	19 194			
3. Norms and Standards	16 950	4. Transversal Internal Audit and Risk Management	14 704			
4. Local Government Financial Services Support	28 630	5. Compliance	13 699			
5. Financial Business System	8 698	6. Financial Information Management Systems	10 400			
		4. Provincial Supply Chain And Movable Asset Management	86 592			
4. Provincial Accounting Services	58 142	1. Programme Support/ Office of the DDG	11 490			
1. PAS Programme Support	4 041	2. SCM Policy, Norms and Standards	7 000			
2. Financial Asset and Liabilities	20 650	3. Governance, Compliance, Monitoring and Evaluation	3 200			
3. Accounting Services	21 357	4. SCM Client Support	29 120			
. Statutory Deductions Management	12 094	5. Strategic Procurement	7 373			
		6. Transversal Contract Management	16 642			
		7. Movable Asset Management	3 000			
		8. Procurement Services	8 767			
		5. Municipal Financial Governance	30 097			
		1. Programme Support/ Office Of The DDG	2 899			
		2. Municipal Budget	5 439			
		3. Municipal Accounting and Reporting	5 439			
		4. Municipal Financial Assets and Liabilities	5 440			
		5. Municipal Supply Chain and Asset Management	5 440			
		6. Municipal Governance and Institutional Management	5 440			
		6. Gauteng Audit Services	73 756			
		1. Programme Support/ Office of the DDG	7 302			
		2. Risk and Compliance Audit Services( Cluster 1 & 2)	16 881			
		3. Risk And Compliance Audit Services( Cluster 3; 4 & 5)	23 375			
		4. Performance and Computer Audit Services	19 815			
		5. Audit Centre of Excellence	6 383			
Total	428 274		584 362			

The department is receiving the functions of the Gauteng Audit Services programme and the forensic services unit from the GDF. The department is creating a new municipal financial governance programme, which aims to ensure effective and efficient management in municipalities and municipal entities and to coordinate the provisioning of capacity building. The department also aims to align with the generic structures for treasuries.







# ANNEXURE TO ESTIMATES OF PROVINCIAL REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE







#### TABLE14.23: SPECIFICATIONS OF RECEIPTS: GAUTENG PROVINCIAL TREASURY

	Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates			
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Tax receipts									
Casino taxes									
Sales of goods and services other than									
capital assets		175	235	211	211	311	222	234	245
Sale of goods and services produced									
by department (excluding capital									
assets)		175	235	211	211	311	222	234	245
Sales by market establishments		175	235	211	211	311	222	234	245
Administrative fees									
Health patient fees		175							
Interest, dividends and rent on land	164 758	187 570	247 283	80 000	80 000	355 835	88 000	100 000	105 000
Interest	164 758	187 570	247 283	80 000	000 08	355 835	88 000	100 000	105 000
Sales of capital assets									
Land and sub-soil assets								-	-
Other capital assets									
Transactions in financial assets and									-
liabilities		66	375			399	395	415	436
Total departmental receipts	164 758	187 811	247 893	80 211	80 211	356 545	88 617	100 649	105 681

#### TABLE: 14.24 PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASIFICATION: ADMINISTRATION

	IABLE: 14.24 P	ATMENIS AN	D ESHIMATES	B1 ECONOMIC	CLASIFICATION: A	ADMINISTRAT	IUN		
		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medi	um-term estim	ates
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Current payments	44 633	58 195	77 006	94 941	95 601	94 701	110 350	115 484	121 258
Compensation of employees	26 539	32 629	44 926	66 568	65 419	65 210	73 160	77 120	80 976
Salaries and wages	23 111	26 103	35 941	56 050	54 901	52 168	59 888	62 580	65 709
Social contributions	3 428	6 526	8 985	10 518	10 518	13 042	13 272	14 540	15 267
Goods and services	18 029	25 566	32 080	28 373	30 182	29 491	37 190	38 364	40 282
Administrative fees	111	105	116	271	82	80	284	299	314
Advertising	210	2	1 284	1 155	1 155	1 155	1 257	1 374	1 443
Assets less than the capitalisation threshold	422	1 013	195	303	161	177	270	232	244
Audit cost: External	2 516	2 260	1 082	2 209	2 209	2 209	2 311	2 433	2 555
Bursaries: Employees	624	759	1 217	1 318	1 186	1 128	1 550	1 535	1 612
Catering: Departmental activities	114	630	1 580	461	432	136	437	460	483
Communication (G&S)	3 556	1 489	1 835	3 351	3 030	3 020	5 169	5 339	5 606
Computer services	-	5	283	2 103	2 086	2 086	3 697	3 896	4 091
Consultants and professional services:									
Business and advisory services	999	613	1 302	964	1 516	1 516	1 026	1 204	1 264
Consultants and professional services:									
Legal costs	955	7	-	792	392	392	926	27	28
Contractors	177	248	5 597	2 952	1 810	1 810	3 108	3 340	3 507
Agency and support / outsourced services	18	32							
Entertainment	145	27		32	32		35	37	39
Fleet services (including government motor									
ransport)	13	30	1 452	25	914	899	1 452	1 536	1 612
Inventory: Food and food supplies	53	94							
Inventory: Fuel, oil and gas	7	59							
Inventory: Materials and supplies	29	15							







Consumable supplies	8	146	797	571	638	340	603	636	668
Consumable: Stationery,printing and									
office supplies	842	844	1 051	1 374	1 375	1 413	1 310	1 380	1 449
Operating leases	2 419	582	1 443	970	1 970	2 041	1 014	1 068	1 121
Property payments	3 011	9 978	4 291	2 580	4 814	4 814	6 864	7 455	7 828
Transport provided: Departmental activity									
Travel and subsistence	1 140	3 576	3 391	3 315	1 780	1 743	2 010	2 116	2 222
Training and development	298	1 119	3 199	532	1 863	1 819	560	501	526
Operating payments	157	256	539	687	709	660	728	775	814
Venues and facilities	205	1 677	1 426	2 408	2 028	2 053	2 579	2 720	2 856
Interest and rent on land	65								
Interest	65								
Transfers and subsidies	22		75		1 281	1 293	225	238	250
Households	22		75		1 281	1 293	225	238	250
Social benefits	22		75	·	1 149	1 293			
Other transfers to households					132		225	238	250
Payments for capital assets	2 426	1 573	2 795	911	1 870	1 877	953	1 004	1 054
Machinery and equipment	2 426	1 559	2 774	911	1 595	1 602	953	1 004	1 054
Other machinery and equipment	2 426	1 559	2 774	911	1 595	1 602	953	1 004	1 054
Software and other intangible assets		14	21		275	275			
Payments for financial assets	336								
Total economic classification	47 417	59 768	79 876	95 852	98 752	97 871	111 528	116 725	122 562

#### TABLE: 14.25 PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASIFICATION: SUSTAINABLE RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medi	vm-term estii	nates
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Current payments	49 449	50 727	59 088	112 426	69 446	101 136	133 781	116 449	122 656
Compensation of employees	45 959	47 986	53 562	82 244	62 424	71 751	80 381	83 108	87 649
Salaries and wages	40 408	38 389	42 580	71 907	54 855	57 401	68 658	71 377	75 331
Social contributions	5 551	9 597	10 982	10 337	7 579	14 350	11 723	11 731	12 318
Goods and services	3 490	2 741	5 526	30 182	7 012	29 385	53 400	33 341	35 008
					10	10			
Advertising	326	596	1 124	442	492	492	462	486	511
Audit cost: External						497	692	748	785
Catering: Departmental activities			44	247	247	198	260	274	287
Computer services				16 018	18	16 018	20 318	19 546	20 523
Consultants and professional									
services: Business and advisory									
services	1 626	100	1 427	1 601	1 665	1 060	20 810	853	895
Consultants and professional									
services: Legal costs		49	917	7 798	798	7 798	6 502	6 847	7 189
Contractors					68	68	100		
Consumable: Stationery,printing									
and office supplies	1 471	570	542	587	617	617	647	682	716
Travel and subsistence	21	301	106	1 393	1 001	1 022	1 370	1 548	1 625
Training and development		770	268	406	406	416	428	451	473
Operating payments	46	173	1 098	940	940	940	987	1 039	1 091
Venues and facilities		182		750	750	249	824	868	911
Interest and rent on land									
							_		
Transfers and subsidies	50 000	50 030	50 040	50 000	75 310	75 268	70 000	52 650	55 283
Departmental agencies and	50.000	50.000	50.000	50.000	75.000	75.000	70.000	50.750	55.000
accounts	50 000	50 000	50 000	50 000	75 000	75 000	70 000	52 650	55 283
Provide list of entities receiving transfers	50 000	50 000	50 000	50 000	75 000	75 000	70 000	52 650	55 283
IIIIIISIBIS		20 000	20 000	30 000	/ 3 000	/ 5 000	/ / / / / / /	JZ 05U	JJ 209

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	Outcome			Outcome			Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates			
R thousand		2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18			
Households			30	40		310	268						
Social benefits			30	40		310	268						
Payments for capital assets Software and other intangible assets													
Payments for financial assets		100											
Total economic classification		99 549	100 757	109 128	162 426	144 756	176 404	183 781	169 099	177 939			

		Outcome		•	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates			
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Current payments	48 081	54 252	100 557	135 194	121 571	132 208	98 608	105 894	111 439
Compensation of employees	44 878	50 934	64 490	84 456	77 353	78 073	86 364	90 206	94 969
Salaries and wages	39 116	49 814	51 592	73 135	67 039	62 458	76 040	79 084	83 288
Social contributions	5 762	1 120	12 898	11 321	10 314	15 615	10 324	11 122	11 681
Goods and services	3 203	3 318	36 067	50 738	54 218	54 135	12 244	15 688	16 470
Administrative fees	3 203		30 007	30 7 30	3 3	2	10	11	12
Advertising	25				94	94	10	- 11	12
Minor assets less than the	23				74	74			
capitalisation threshold			2		24	24			
Audit cost: External	515	1 098	1 082	1 210	1 210	1 210	615	664	697
Bursaries: Employees	313	6	1 302	1 210	1 210	1 210	013	211	222
Catering: Departmental activities		0		228	185	234	240	253	265
Communication (G&S)				220	103	204	129	129	129
Computer services	126	719	2 828	188	169	535	458	271	285
Consultants and professional	120	/ 17	2 020	100	107	333	430	2/ 1	203
ervices: Business and advisory									
ervices	2 287	655	27 980	46 345	39 712	49 462	6 158	9 057	9 510
Consultants and professional	2 207	033	27 700	10013	07712	17 102	0 130	7 037	, 510
ervices: Legal costs	174	114							
Contractors					9	32			
Agency and support / outsourced									
services			58						
Fleet services (including									
government motor transport)							24	25	26
Consumable supplies					2	4			
Consumable: Stationery,printing									
and office supplies	39	15	10	73			41	43	45
Operating leases							41	44	48
Travel and subsistence	35	86	160	294	224	200	462	488	513
Training and development		602	3 776	1 880	1 880	1 879	3 090	3 256	3 421
Operating payments	2	23	171	70	256	259	502	737	774
Venues and facilities				450	450	200	474	499	524
			_						_
Transfers and subsidies		66	879		75	94			
Households		66	879		75	94			
Social benefits		66	879		75	94			
Other transfers to households									
Payments for capital assets			923		34	34			
Machinery and equipment			783		25	25			

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Other machinery and equipment			783		25	25				
Software and other intangible										
assets			140		9	9				
Payments for financial assets										
Total economic classification	48 081	54 318	102 359	135 194	121 680	132 336	98 608	105 894	111 439	

#### TABLE: 14.27: PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASIFICATION: PROVINCIAL SUPPLY CHAIN & MOVEABLE ASSETS

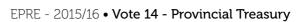
		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medi	ım-term estin	nates
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Current payments	66 054	64 926	58 228	69 572	61 830	61 576	86 592	94 924	100 055
Compensation of employees	61 821	63 051	56 132	66 984	58 779	58 779	80 457	88 503	93 313
Salaries and wages	60 872	54 320	44 906	57 893	50 141	47 023	65 412	74 696	78 816
Social contributions	949	8 731	11 226	9 091	8 638	11 756	15 045	13 807	14 497
Goods and services	4 233	1 875	2 096	2 588	3 051	2 797	6 135	6 421	6 742
Administrative fees			165			57			
Advertising	76	175	195	200	200	225	259	269	283
Catering: Departmental activities				30	30	8	32	34	35
Communication (G&S)							366	366	384
Computer services							1 703	1 804	1 894
Consultants and professional									
services: Business and advisory									
services	4 151	1 683	1 700	1 165	1 633	1 739	1 219	1 275	1 338
Contractors	5		2			3			
Fleet services (including									
government motor transport)							97	103	108
Inventory: Materials and supplies		5							
Consumable supplies			2						
Consumable: Stationery,printing									
and office supplies						2	183	191	201
Operating leases							639	683	717
Travel and subsistence			8	150	75	162	113	83	88
Training and development				560	560	347	1 229	1 303	1 369
Operating payments	1	12	1	283	353	194	95	99	104
Venues and facilities			23	200	200	60	200	211	221
Transfers and subsidies	181	19	79		18	9			
Households	181	19	79		18	9			
Social benefits	181	19	79		18	9			
Other transfers to households									
Payments for capital assets					8	18			
Software and other intangible									
assets					8	18			
Payments for financial assets		57	4						
Total economic classification	66 235	65 002	58 311	69 572	61 856	61 603	86 592	94 924	100 055

#### TABLE14.28: PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASIFICATION: MUNICIPAL FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Mediu	m-term estim	ates	
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	
Current payments	16 527	17 946	27 526	32 412	28 558	28 384	30 097	31 919	33 520	
Compensation of employees	16 072	17 309	20 061	25 715	27 643	27 469	29 298	31 079	32 638	
Salaries and wages	14 289	13 847	16 049	22 376	24 304	21 975	25 250	26 770	28 114	$\rceil \mid$

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		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Mediu	m-term estim	ates
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Social contributions	1 783	3 462	4 012	3 339	3 339	5 494	4 048	4 309	4 524
Goods and services	455	637	7 465	6 697	915	915	799	839	881
Advertising		73	116						
Computer services			79	220	219	219	137	144	151
Consultants and									
professional services:									
Business and advisory									
services			6 621	6 179				0	0
Consumable:									
Stationery,printing and									
office supplies	136	219	132	265	394	394	279	294	308
Operating leases									
Travel and subsistence	283	345	336	33	301	301	383	401	421
Training and development			167						
Operating payments	36		14						
Transfers and subsidies	5	12			72	96			
Non-profit institutions									
Households	5	12			72	96			
Social benefits	5	12			72	96			
Other transfers to	,	12			72	70			
households									
Payments for capital									
ussets									
Software and other									
intangible assets									
Total economic									
classification	16 532	17 958	27 526	32 412	28 630	28 480	30 097	31 919	33 520

#### TABLE: 14.29: PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASIFICATION: GAUTENG AUDIT SERVICES

	-	Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates		
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Current payments	43 950	48 512	52 659	64 604	60 968	60 968	73 756	78 372	83 241
Compensation of employees	42 921	45 205	52 039	62 037	57 984	57 983	68 153	72 884	77 483
Salaries and wages	38 199	39 949	41 631	54 484	51 373	46 386	60 160	64 440	68 589
Social contributions	4 722	5 256	10 408	7 553	6 611	11 597	7 993	8 444	8 894
Goods and services	1 029	3 307	620	2 567	2 984	2 985	5 603	5 488	5 758
Administrative fees						1			
Communication (G&S)							579	579	579
Computer services	620	2 477	255				470	501	526
Consultants and professional									
services: Business and advisory									
services	393	732	263	2 462	2 801	2 801	2 924	2 676	2 810
Fleet services (including									
government motor transport)							70	73	77
Consumable supplies			2						
Consumable: Stationery, printing									
and office supplies							121	127	133
Operating leases					78		479	511	546
Property payments									



		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Mediu	m-term estim	ates
R thousand	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14		2014/15		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Transport provided: Departmental									
activity									
Travel and subsistence	6						93	98	108
Training and development							682	729	775
Operating payments	10	98	100	105	105	183	185	194	204
_									
Transfers and subsidies		117	46		1	36			
Non-profit institutions									
Households		117	46		1	36			
Social benefits		117	46		1	36			
Other transfers to households									
Payments for capital assets									
Software and other intangible									
assets						1			
Payments for financial									
assets		43							
Total economic classification	43 950	48 672	52 705	64 604	60 969	61 004	73 756	78 372	83 241



